Corso di Dottorato di Ricerca in Scienze della Vita e dell'Ambiente, Ciclo XXXIX.



E-waste and sustainable development: innovative strategies for the recovery of secondary raw materials



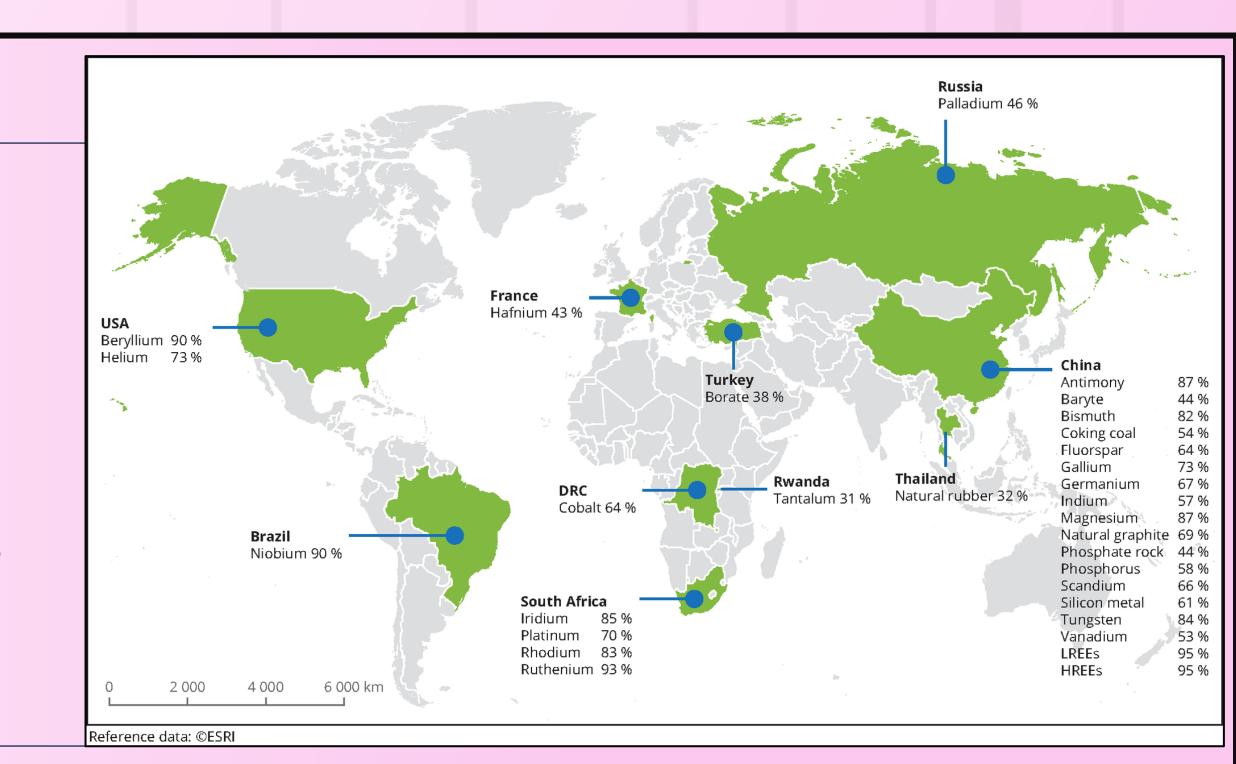
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Critical RAW materials issue for EU

- Essential for the ecological transition.
- Depend on external country markets for the supply chain.
- Most of these countries have not solid environmental and human policy[1].
- Every year a lot of components rich in strategic metals are lost in landfilling sites or sent to other countries for the treatment[2].



A solution – Second life of E-Waste

- Metal recovery from e-waste is becoming more convenient than mining[3].
- Recovering these materials will avoid exploiting mineral resources, reducing the environmental and social impacts.

BUT

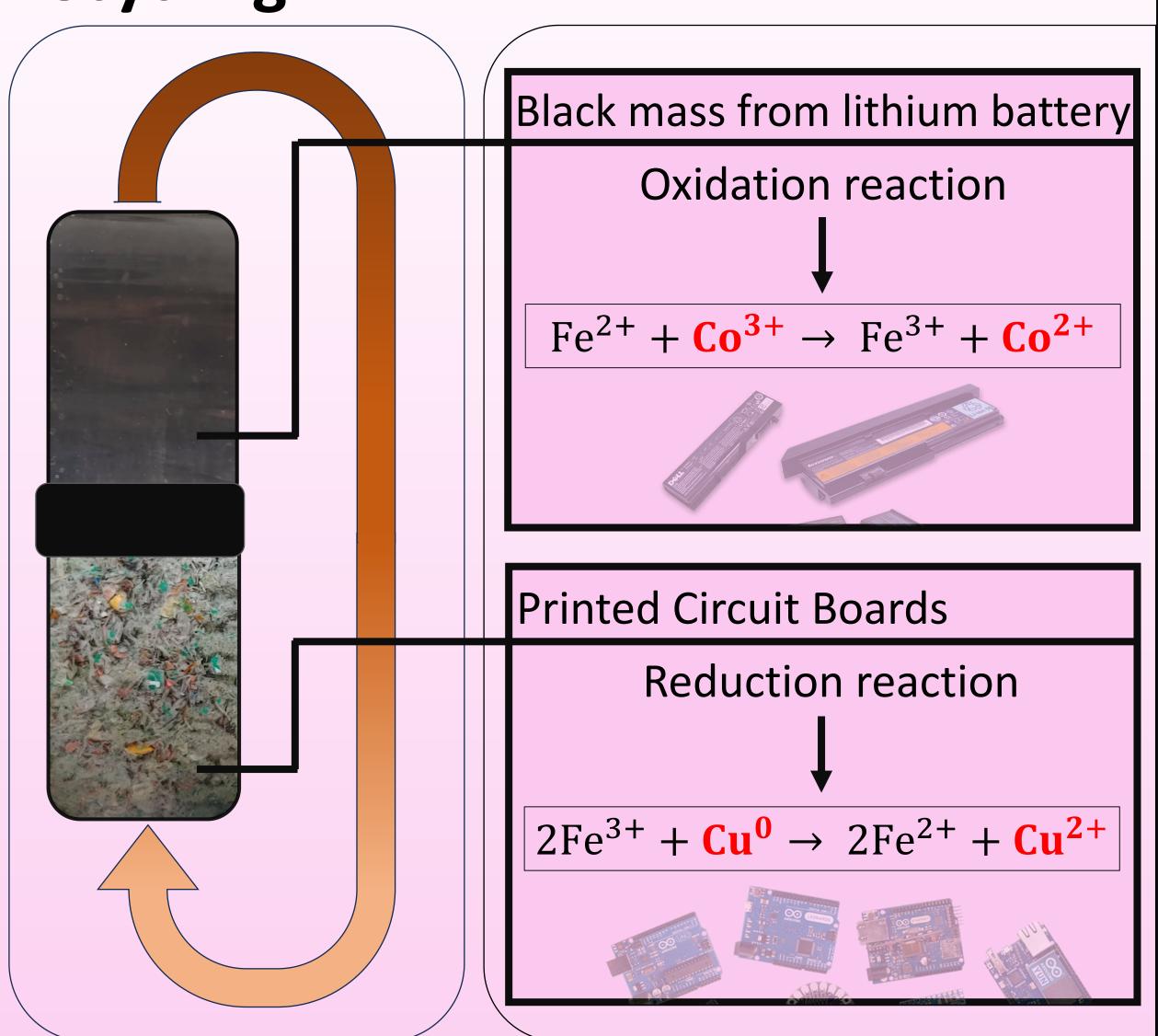
- Recycling performance is currently insufficient due to Policy issues which do not promote the e-waste interception[4].
- Modern recycling systems are often unsustainable.

Future Activities

Implementation with biotechnology to support the development of innovative processes as a booster towards sustainability.

The results obtained from this study will support policies to boost sustainable development through virtuous management of E-waste.

Scope – Development of sustainable recycling



Experimental Plan		Level			
	Factors		-	0	+
	[Fe III] g/L		1	-	5
	Layers (n)		2	4	8
	Flow (mL/min)		24	-	48

Saleem H. Ali, 2014, 3, 123-134;
Centro di coordinamento RAEE
Xianlai Zeng, John A. Mathews and Jinhui Li, 2018.
LaboratrioRef, https://laboratorioref.it/lagestione-dei-raee-in-italia-e-necessaria-una-

svolta/#:~:text=La%20raccolta%20dei%20RAEE

%20di,%3A%20%2D6%2C2%25. 23/05/2024





